

October 4, 2024 DATE:

Design Alternatives for Low Volume Driveway Highway Occupancy Permits SUBJECT:

TO: **District Executives**

FROM:

Daniel Farley, P.E., Director Daniel Farley

The purpose of this Strike-off-Letter (SOL) is to provide the HOP applicant with alternative designs for low volume driveways to accommodate combination trucks, buses, and single-unit trucks using flush corrugated concrete aprons for certain scenarios. In addition to the existing Low Volume Driveway design standards found in Chapter 2.8, page 48 of Publication 282: Highway Occupancy Permit Operations Manual, the Alternative Low Volume Driveway design standards will include:

Two driveway design variations using flush corrugated concrete aprons:

- Driveways serving less than 5 combination trucks, buses, or single-unit trucks per day.
- Driveways serving 5 or more combination trucks, buses, or single-unit trucks per day. •

This update was discussed at early 2024 monthly statewide HOP Managers meetings (attended by Engineering Districts, Central Office, and Office of Chief Counsel personnel). The updates provided also went through the clearance transmittal process and comments received were addressed.

The above alternative designs are effective immediately and will be incorporated into the next update of Publication 282 in the following sections, which are also attached:

- Chapter 2.5 Page 48.
- Chapter 2.5 Page 48A.
- Chapter 2.5 Page 48B.
- Appendix C1 (HOP Project Application Checklists, pg. C1-10) checklist item:
 - (20) Ensure corrugated concrete is used where applicable (Pub. 282, Ch. 2.5). 0

Should you have any questions or require additional information, please contact Michael Dzurko, Manager, HOP Program, at 717.783.6080.

Attachment

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Eliza Erickson, OTO Coordinator, Governor's Office CC: Brent Sailhamer, Executive Director, ACEC/PA Thomas Macchione, P.E., Director, Traffic Engineering and Operations, PTC Alicia Nolan, Division Administrator, FHWA Assistant District Executives-Construction Assistant District Executives-Design Assistant District Executives-Maintenance Francis Hanney, Assistant District Executive-Operations, District 6 **District Planning and Program Managers District Traffic Engineers District HOP Managers** Karen Cummings, Senior Assistant Counsel, OCC Daryl St. Clair, P.E., Special Assistant, Highway Administration Shane Rice, Director, Policy Office Teresa Wagner, Director, Legislative Affairs Christine Spangler, P.E., Director, BODD Brent L. Trivelpiece, P.E., Director, BOCM Kristin Langer, P.E., Director, BOB Christa Newmaster, Director, BOM Daniel Farley, P.E., Director, BOO Mark Kopko, P.E., Director, Strategic Development and Implementation Office Andrew Firment, Chief, Operations and Performance Division, BOM Douglas Tomlinson, P.E., Chief, Highway Safety and Traffic Operations Division, BOO Robert Pento, P.E., Chief, Traffic Engineering and Permits Section, BOO Michael Dzurko, Manager, HOP Unit, BOO Christopher Metka, Municipal Research and Outreach Manager, CPDM CN Read File JAE Read File

Low Volume Driveways

A typical low volume driveway will provide access to small offices or single entity retail that has occasional driveway use during hours of operation. Some small and medium sized apartment complexes also fit into this category.

A curb radius design is preferred for this type of driveway. Radii and distances provided in the diagram below are recommended values and design vehicle turning movements should be used to verify their applicability. Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) compliance is required.

Some low volume driveways require occasional access to larger vehicles that cannot be accommodated within the design parameters in the diagram below. Refer to the alternate low volume driveway design details on page 48A and 48B when the parameters below cannot be met due to the turning radius of a combination truck, bus, or single-unit truck.



Alternate Low Volume Driveway with Consideration for Combination Trucks, Buses, and Single-Unit Trucks

Refer to the alternate low volume driveway designs below when larger occasional vehicles do not meet the standard low volume driveway design parameters. An example of this would be a land use that traditionally services passenger vehicle traffic but also receives daily deliveries from combination vehicle(s). It is the responsibility of the applicant to understand the land use's day-to-day impacts.

Flush corrugated concrete pavement can be used for delineating driveways used by both passenger cars and heavy vehicles, to help prevent encroachment onto opposing lanes. The flush corrugated concrete pavement design is shown on page 48B. If the flush corrugated concrete pavement overlaps a pedestrian crossing an appropriate cut-through must be provided for ADA compliance. Flush corrugated concrete pavement shall not be installed within the shoulder area.

The design preference is flush corrugated concrete pavement; however, roundabout truck apron curb may be considered in certain situations, per Publication 72M, RC-65M. When roundabout truck apron curb is used, it should be dyed, stained, or painted to avoid being mistaken for sidewalk. If a pedestrian crossing is required, flush corrugated concrete pavement shall be used in place of roundabout truck apron curb.





Alternate Low Volume Driveway with Consideration for Combination Trucks, Buses, and Single-Unit Trucks



HIGHWAY OCCUPANCY PERMIT OPERATIONS MANUAL Appendix C1 – HOP Project Application Checklists

Section 5 – Driveway/Access comparation (continueu)
CNS
(10) Ensure local road width and radius returns in accordance with Pub. 13M
(11) Ensure returns offset meet (at minimum) 3R criteria (Pub. 13M, Ch. 1.2)
(12) Ensure radius returns extend full quadrant (Pub. 282, Ch. 2.4)
(13) Ensure driveway is designed to discourage wrong way movements (67 Pa. Code §441.8(a)(2))
 (14) Ensure radius return design is sufficient for trucks/large vehicles/anticipated traffic (minimum of 5') (67 Pa. Code §441.9 & Pub. 282, Ch. 2)
(15) Ensure 14' min. lane width if channelization island (Pub. 282, Ch. 2)
 (16) Ensure driveway throat length min. (<i>check all that apply</i>): (a) 50' for low volume driveways (Pub. 574 IB.1) (b) 120' for medium volume driveways (Pub. 574 IB.1) (c) 150' for high volume driveways (Pub. 574 IB.1)
[] [] [] (17) Identify and dimension PC/PT/PCC break points (Pub. 14M, Ch. 2)
(18) Provide spot elevations along radii at 10' intervals (Pub. 13M, Ch. 7)
(19) Ensure driveway design accommodates bike and peds. (Pub. 13M, Ch. 7, Pub. 13, Ch.14)
(20) Ensure corrugated concrete is used where applicable (Pub. 282, Cb. 2.5)
(20) Lisure confugated concrete is used where applicable (Fub. 202, Cii. 2.3)
Section 4 – Driveway/Access Profile
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